

## **Appendix 5**



# Phase 3 Chichester Strategic Development Location (SDL) – call for sites submission. 11436\_R01 Supporting Note

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1. Tyler Grange LLP undertook a "Strategic Landscape Assessment" for the Westhampnett / North East Chichester Strategic Development Location in December 2013 (now referred to as the Phase 3 Site).
- 1.2. This document considered the overall strategy for the site promotion and was generated from the findings and analysis of desk top and field studies using evidence bases and site visits available at that time.
- 1.3. In reflecting on the relevance of the document it is confirmed that while it was produced in 2013 it still remains generally accurate.
- 1.4. The baseline changes are set out below.

#### 2.0 Baseline Changes

- 2.1. Development on the first phase of this SDL between Madgwick Lane and Stane Street is already delivering residential development in a change to the 2013 baseline. Development in relation to the second phase at Graylingwell is due to take place which will also alter the baseline within the SDL.
- 2.2. Since the preparation of the 2013 document, the Chichester Local Plan has been adopted and those policies relevant to landscape are set out below. It is noted that policy 17 refers to the SDL within the adopted Local Plan. It is also noted that the Local Plan Review Preferred Options Consultations of February 2019 is also a consideration for this supporting landscape and visual document.
  - Policy 1 Presumption in favour of sustainable development.
  - Policy 2 Development Strategy and Settlement Hierarchy.
  - Policy 7 Masterplanning Strategic Development.
  - Policy 10 Chichester City Development Principles.
  - Policy 17 Westhampnett / North East Chichester Strategic Development Location.
  - Policy 33 New Residential Development.
  - Policy 47 Heritage and Design.
  - Policy 48 Natural Environment.
  - Policy 52 Green Infrastructure.
  - Policy 54 Open Space, Sport and Recreation.



2.3. Policy 17 – Westhampnett / North East Chichester Strategic Development Location.

"Land to the west of Westhampnett and north-east of Chichester city is allocated for mixed development, comprising 500 homes, community facilities and open space and green infrastructure, including a linear greenspace with public access along the Lavant Valley. Development will be masterplanned in accordance with Policy 7."

2.4. The following site-specific requirements apply to the site:

"Provision should be made for green links to the South Downs National Park and Chichester city. Development should be designed with special regard to the landscape sensitivity of the site (specially to views towards and from within the South Downs National Park), and to reduce the impact of noise associated with the Goodwood Motor Circuit/Aerodrome. Major new structural planting will be required to soften the impact of development on views from the north and around the Motor Circuit. Development should be designed with special regard to the Graylingwell Hospital Conservation Area, the buildings of the former pauper lunatic asylum and the Grade II registered park and garden in which they sit, and to other listed buildings in the vicinity of the site and their setting. Important views of Chichester Cathedral spire from the area should be protected."

- 2.5. In addition, the Graylingwell Park Development now occupies the site of the Graylingwell Hospital Conservation Area and this has changed the character of this part of east Chichester since the undertaking of the assessment.
- 2.6. In terms of published landscape classifications at national, county and district levels, none have changed.
- 2.7. In terms of visual amenity, changes concerning new built form are ongoing within the Graylingwell Park Development and additional matters relating to views from the South Downs National Park and dark skies have come in to force. Priority views described in the Future Growth of Chichester: Landscape and Visual Amenity Considerations (LUC April 2005) from the Trundle and Madwick Lane remain relevant as set out in the Tyler Grange "Strategic Landscape Assessment."
- 2.8. While the SDL lies outside the South Downs National Park (SDNP) the South Downs Partnership Management Plan 2014 2019 (SDPMP) identifies qualities that relate to the wider landscape and in particular views from it that include the stunning panoramic views to the sea. "Diverse, inspirational landscapes and breathtaking views."
- 2.9. In addition, General Policy 3 of the SDPMP states that the "tranquillity and dark night skies should be protected and enhanced."
- 2.10. Policy SD7 of the South Downs Local Plan: (Preferred Options) September 2015 considers the safeguarding of views and refers to another recently published document the "South Downs National Park: View Characterisation Analysis" (VCA), and Policy SD9: Dark Night Skies, refers to light pollution in relation to the Dark Skies Reserve (approved in 2016) and any development that may affect the dark sky core boundary.
- 2.11. The South Downs National Park Authority (SDNPA) commissioned Landuse Consultants Ltd (LUC) in 2014 to prepare a "View Characterisation and Analysis" study concerning mapping and analysis of views to and from the SDNP. This document sits as an evidence base beside the South Downs Integrated Landscape Character Assessment (SDILCA 2011) providing analysis of the key types of view to inform decisions about change.



- 2.12. Two representative views from the SDNP within which the SDL lies were identified, notably the hilltop view from the Trundle on St Roche's Hill (reference 11 in VCA) and the hilltop view from the Halnaker Windmill (reference 66 in VCA). Both are considered to be of the same view type that includes views from the Downs above the coastal plain, looking south across the developed coastal plain and out to sea.
- 2.13. Further to representative views, the VCA also identifies specific landmarks across the SDNP such as the Trundle, Goodwood Racecourse Stadium and the Halnaker Windmill that are considered to contribute to the special qualities of the SDNP. Views to landmarks outside of the SDNP include Chichester Cathedral.
- 2.14. In terms of the opportunities described in the Tyler Grange "Strategic Landscape Assessment" there is no change.
- 2.15. The key conclusions in relation to the Phase 3 site are as follows:
  - None of the land within the site is the subject of any national or local level landscape designations. The site is not subject to any other designations indicating that development should be restricted as set out in the NPPF 2018 (footnote 6).
  - It is accepted that there are some views from the SDNP looking south and southwest across the settled coastal plain towards Chichester city and Westhampnett, from locations such as The Trundle and Halnaker Windmill. However, these views are distant and panoramic and the SDL is set against the context of the urban edge of Chichester city and represents a small component within the wide panorama.
  - Opportunities exist to deliver landscape improvements in keeping with the character of the area and in accordance with published landscape character guidance.
  - Opportunities exist to diversify the landscape features and increase the functionality of the land, particularly in respect of the riparian environment.
- 2.16. Accordingly, it is evident that whilst landscape and visual issues should inform development within the SDL, they do not in themselves provide a material constraint to development within the site.



23 December 2013

Westhampnett / North East Chichester Strategic Development Location

Stage 1: Project Development
Strategic Landscape Assessment



Report Number: 1566\_R01d\_CB\_RW

Author: C. Brockhurst FLI

Checked: R. Hughes CMLI

## Introduction

The purpose of this document is to:

- Support the overall strategy for the Site promotion; and
- Provide information to the team in respect of the evolving masterplan.

The information contained in this 'bundle' has been generated from the findings and analysis of desktop and field studies.

This information and the supporting data collated as part of the studies will be taken forward at the time of preparing a Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment.

## **Contents**

Introduction

Landform

Landscape Planning

Landscape Character

Views and Visibility

Opportunities

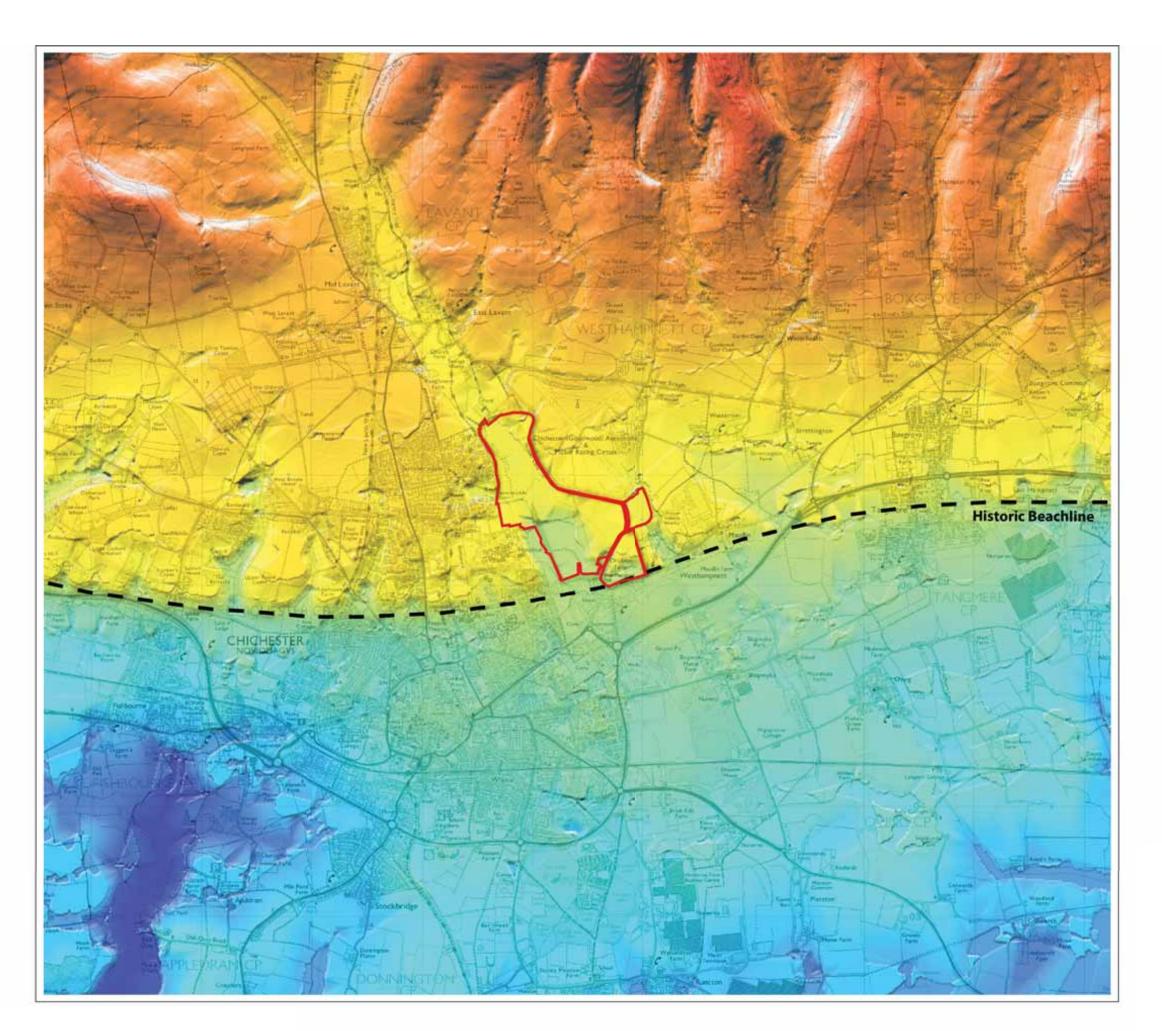
## Landform

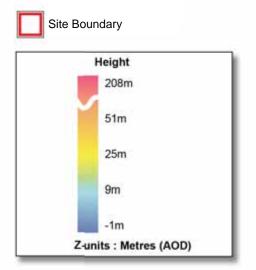
Using Ordnance Survey landform data **Plan 1: Topography** (1566/P01b) illustrates the extent to which the underlying geology and hydrology has influenced the landform.

Of note is the fact that the site occupies landform at a similar or lower level to the existing settlement of Chichester. This is of relevance when considering views from the east towards the west.

The lower lying ground is likely to be affected by the local hydrology and a balance will be needed in respect of positioning development to sit with a continuous relationship with Chichester whilst avoiding land liable to flooding.







#### Source:

The plan has been prepared using GIS computer software (MapInio) and Ordnance Survey landform data, and as such does not take into account built form or vegetation present within the landscape.



Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

**Drawing Title** 

Plan 1: Topography

Scale
Drawing No.
Date
Checked

As Shown (Approximate) 1566/P01b December 2013



## **Landscape Planning Context**

The site lies outside of the South Downs National Park. The Development Plan has yet to include policies in respect of this National Designation.

The role of the South Downs National Parks Authority is to control and influence the development of land and buildings within its boundaries.

- Of note are the two statutory purposes:
- The preservation and enhancement of natural beauty; and

Encouraging the provision or improvement for people resorting to National Park for the enjoyment of the opportunities for openair recreation.

The designation process makes reference in respect of open-air recreation to the character of the park and position in relation to centres of population.

The site is not protected by any statutory or non-statutory landscape designations.

The Graylingwell Hospital Conservation Area requires public views into and out from the CA to be protected, and where possible, enhanced.

There is a requirement that changes do not undermine the distinctive character of the landscape. This is supported by BE14 which requires new development to incorporate "appropriate landscaping".

The amenity value of the Public Rights of Way should not be eroded as a result of new development.

Generally the policy context requires the overall enhancement of the environment as part of new development proposals.







#### **West Sussex Structure Plan**

Specific Policy





General Policy

Policy LOC2 - Development in the countryside

Policy CH1 - Character

Note: Above policies extracted from the West Sussex Structure Plan 2001-2016 (adopted February 2005)

#### Local Plan

Specific Policy



General Policy

Policy R4 - Public Rights of Way

Policy BE14 - wildlife, habitat, trees, hedges and other landscape features

Note: Above policies extracted from the Chichester District Local Plan First Review (adopted April 1999)

Public Rights of Way

(Data extracted from West Sussex County Council's website)







Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

Plan 2: Landscape Related Planning

Drawing Title

Scale As Shown (Approximate)
1566/P02b

Drawing No.

Date
Checked

December 2013



## **Landscape Character**

Landscape characterisation is a judgement-free process. It does not indicate value or determine if one landscape is better than another.

The published landscape character classifications cascade from the National to District level. These have some relevant information but are not site specific and a local character assessment is required. The national classification is of limited relevance at a site specific level.

The West Sussex County Council (WSCC) landscape character assessment provides background to planning policy and guidance for the production of Local Development Frameworks and Supplementary Planning Documents.

Chichester District Council has not undertaken a district wide landscape character assessment. Localised studies have been prepared by CDC in respect of potential development sites around Chichester and in its environs.

CDC have advised TG that the Future Growth of Chichester document (which contains detailed information on the site) is a background document only and not used as planning guidance.

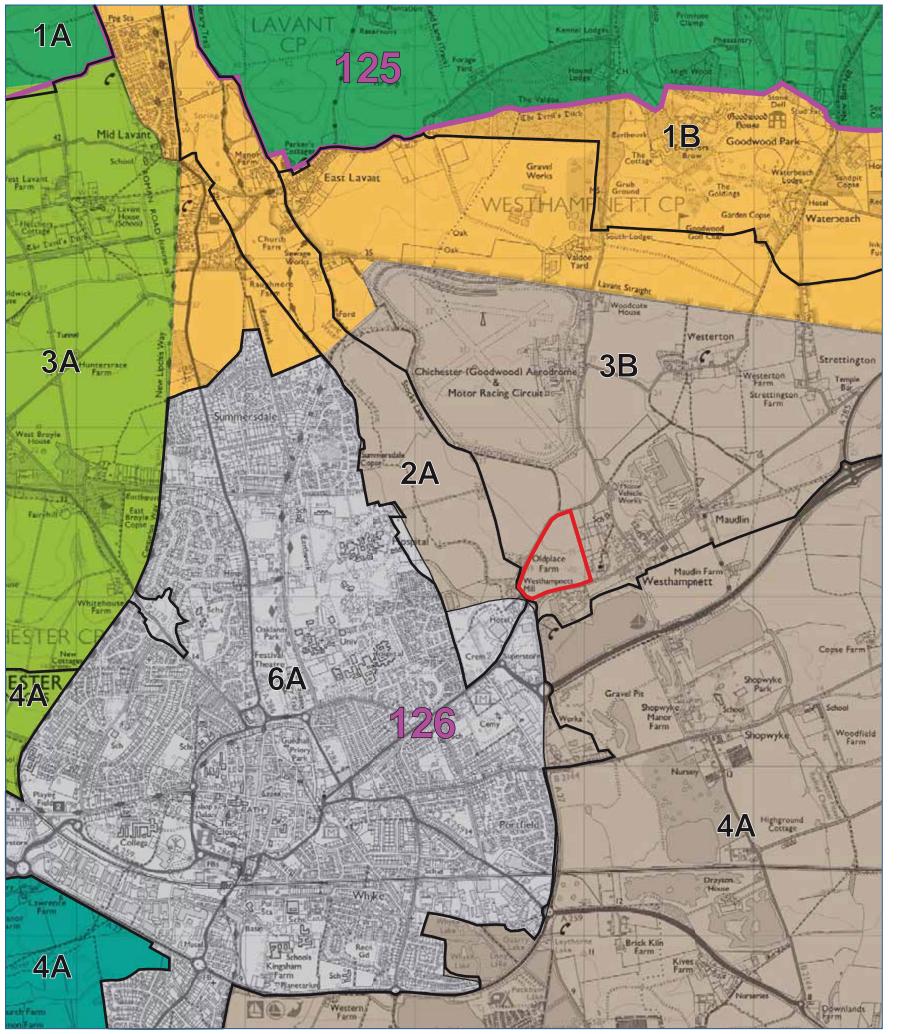
CDC's preference is the Landscape Capacity Assessment prepared by Hankinson Duckett Associates. This does <u>not</u> cover the site.

#### Key Features relevant to the site:

- Low lying, flat open landscape;
- Meandering streams;
- Low density hedgerows and trees;
- Extensive intervisibility (see next section);
- Local disturbance from Goodwood Racing Circuit;
- Urbanising features eroding sense of rurality.

#### Opportunities to:

- Create new green infrastructure including multifunctional spaces and new tree planting;
- Strengthen boundaries;
- Provision of a management strategy for the urban edge; and
- Enhance the character of the watercourse.



Tyler Grange LLP
© Crown copyright, All rights reserved. 2013. Licence number 0100031673



**National Character Area** 



125 South Downs



126 Sout Coast Plain

Note: As defined on the National Character Areas Map of England (Natural England).

#### **West Sussex Landscape Character Areas**



Chichester to Yapton Coastal Plain (SC9)



Halnaker Upper Coastal Plain (SC7)



Western Downs (SD1)



Ashlings Upper Coastal Plain (SC6)



Chichester Harbour (SC3)

Note: As defined in A Strategy for the West Sussex Landscape (adopted October 2005)

#### The Future Growth of Chichester Landscape Character Areas

1A

1A Stoke Down



1B Lavant Down



2A Lavant Valley



3B Westhampnett Upper Coastal Plain



4A Chichester Coastal Plain



6A Chichester

Note: As defined in The Future Growth of Chichester: Landscape and Visual Amenity Considerations (LUC, April 2005).



0 500

Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

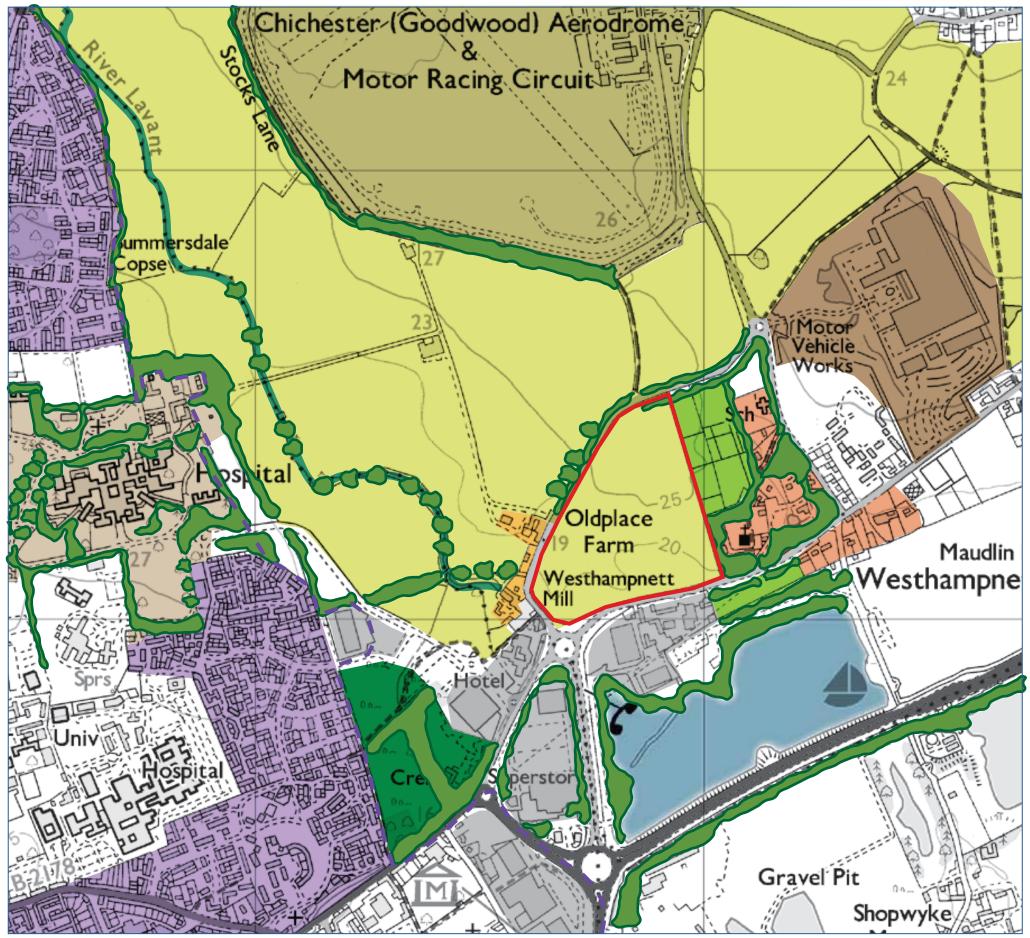
Drawing Title

Scale
Drawing No.
Date
Checked

## Plan 3: Landscape Character - District Context

As Shown (Approximate) 1566/P03c December 2013





Tyler Grange LLP © Crown copyright, All rights reserved. 2013. Licence number 0100031673



#### **Undeveloped Landscape**



#### **Arable Farmland**

Low-lying open arable farmland with limited tree cover and presence of hedgerows.

#### **Developed Landscape**



#### Goodwood racing circuit and aerodrome

Man-made landscape incorporating mounding, linear tree features and built form. Activities erode the tranquillity of the rural landscape.



#### Motorworks

New large scale/mass built form in bunded new landscape.



#### **Paddocks**

Flat open paddocks with post and rail fencing.



## Western Residential Edge of Westhampnett

Sporadic and cluster residential properties. Primarily old buildings and large gardens.



Man-made lake and recreational sailing area



#### **Retail and Business Units**

Development closely associated with the road infrastructure. Predominantly large mass generic "warehouse" style development with significant areas of car parking.



### Residential Area adjacent to Madgwick Lane

A mixture loose grain old and new residential properties



#### Crematorium

Contained and tranquil landscape with limited access.



#### **Edge of Chichester**



**Graylingwell Hospital Conservation Area** 



**Tight-grain residential** 



**Existing Vegetation** 



Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

**Drawing Title** 

#### Plan 4: Landscape Character -Site Specific

Scale Drawing No. Date Checked CB/SC

As Shown (Approximate) 1566/P04c December 2013

Tyler Grange



## **Views and Visibility**

This section contains first sieve mapping using Ordnance Survey digital mapping.

This illustrates the potential area from where the site (**Plan 5**) or development (**Plan 8**) may be visible from. It does not take into account built-form or vegetation however it provides a starting point to the fieldwork and verification process.

During the summer months the visibility is restricted by vegetation including trees in leaf and arable crops. This has a significant effect on the ability to see the site from the local area.

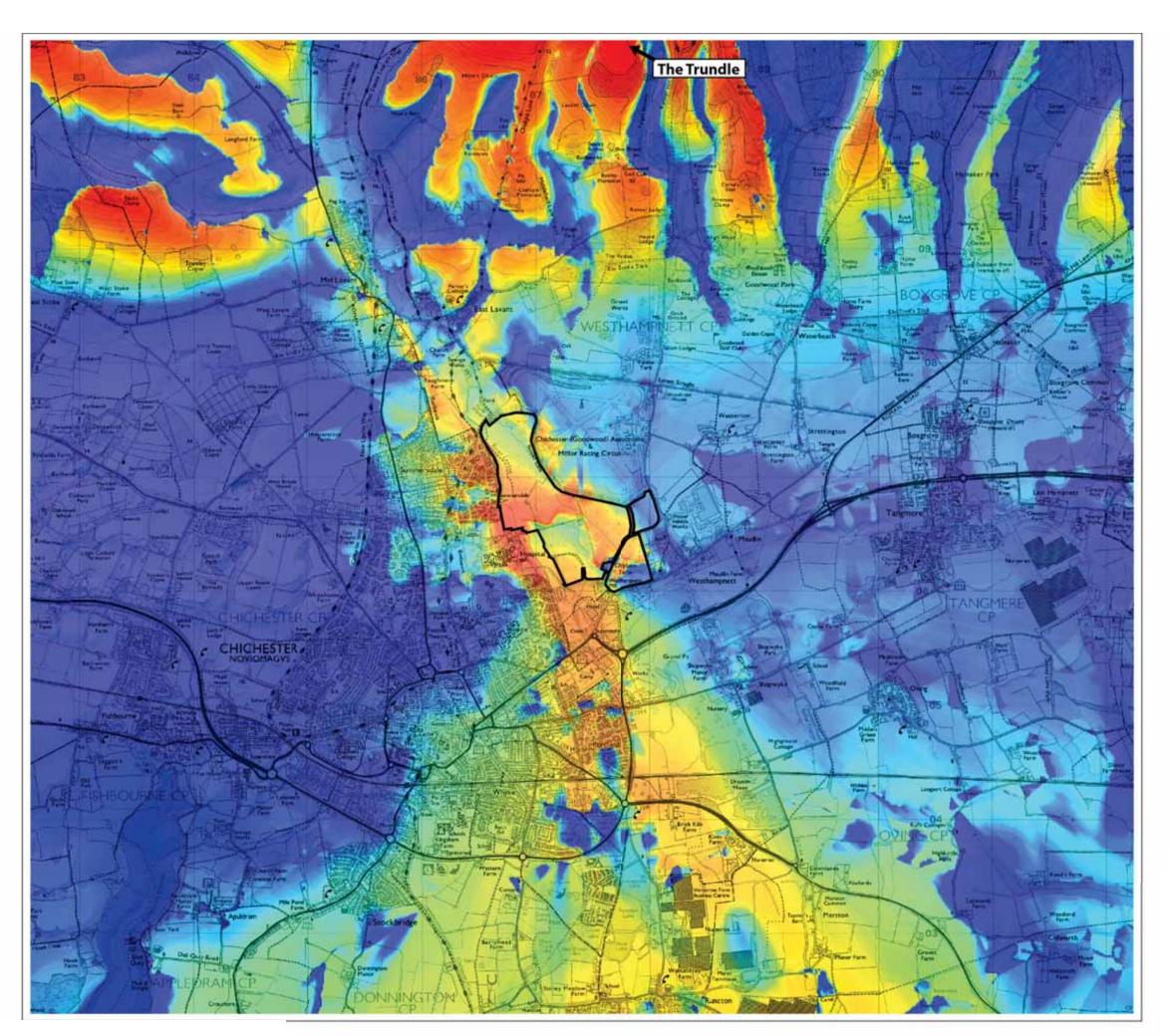
Reference is made to priority views in The Future Growth of Chichester: Landscape and Visual Amenity Considerations, April 2005. CDC has indicated that the study is not adopted and is for background reference only. These "viewcones" are accidental rather than by design.

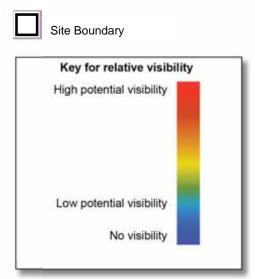
**Plan 6a, Plan 6b** and photosheets demonstrate the nature of these views and relevance in planning the expansion of Chichester.

Due to the wooded character of the local area and landform the opportunities to view the undeveloped site are limited.

Views towards Chichester are characterised by a mix of rural foreground and the presence of primarily large scale "warehouse" type buildings or clusters of residential properties.

Trees soften the appearance of the settlement in the views.





#### Source:

The Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) illustrates the extent to which the site(s) as a whole is potentially visible from the surrounding area (1.6m high receptor). The plan has been prepared using GIS computer software (MapInfo) and Ordnance Survey landform data, and as such does not take into account built form or vegetation present within the landscape. Field verification is required to refine the accuracy of the ZTV.



Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

**Drawing Title** 

Plan 5: First Sieve Visual Analysis

Scale
Drawing No.
Date

Checked

As Shown (Approximate) 1566/P05b August 2012







Site Boundary



Photoviewpoint locations (see photo sheet)



Vegetative features - limiting or obscuring views



Built form - limiting or obscuring views



Field verified visual envelope Site only



Potential for views (no public access to verify)



Localised earth bunds



Notable features - landmarks in the view from the wider landscape

#### Views Focussed on the Cathedral



Priority View 1: From Madgwick Lane

Note: As defined in The Future Growth of Chichester: Landscape and Visual Amenity Considerations (LUC, April 2005).

N

Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

Plan 6a: Winter Viewpoint Locations and

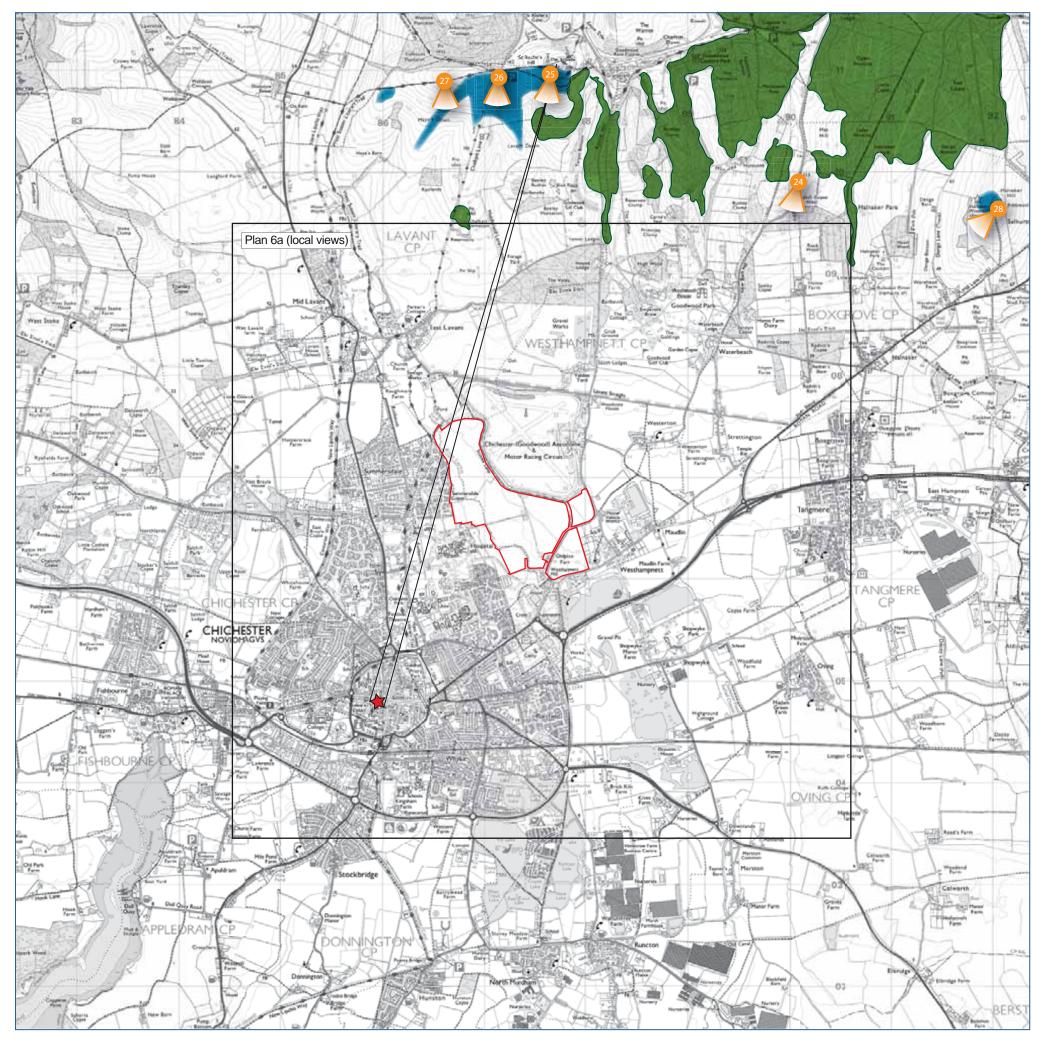
Field Verified Visual Envelope

**Drawing Title** 

Scale 1566/P06f

Drawing No. Date Checked As Shown (Approximate) December 2013 CB/SC





Tyler Grange LLP © Crown copyright, All rights reserved. 2010. Licence number 0100031673



Photoviewpoint locations (see photo sheet)



Vegetative features - limiting or obscuring views



Field verified visual envelope Site only



Notable features - Ianumai from the wider landscape Notable features - landmarks in the view

#### Panoramic View of Chichester in its Landscape Setting



Priority View 26: View from the Car Park and Viewpoint at The Trundle

Note: As defined in The Future Growth of Chichester: Landscape and Visual Amenity Considerations (LUC, April 2005)



Project

Westhampnett / North East Chichester SDL

**Drawing Title** 

Plan 6b: Winter Viewpoint Locations and Field Verified Visual Envelope (distant vantage points)

Drawing No. Date Checked

Scale

As Shown (Approximate) 1566/P06g December 2013 CB/SC

